

Chadsgrove Curriculum Long Term Planning: History and Geography

Curriculum Intent

At Chadsgrove, pupils in the Navigators Curriculum Pathway and the Pioneers Curriculum Pathways follow elements of the National Curriculum in History and Geography, incorporating a thematic approach. Teachers will use National Curriculum Learning Outcomes and further adapt these to create learning opportunities, based upon individual pupils' needs, as detailed in Medium Term Plans.

Our aims in teaching History and Geography include the following:

History

- Promote an enquiring mind, empowering pupils to ask and answer questions about the past
- Teach pupils about similarities and differences between times in history
- Develop an awareness of time and the sequencing of time
- Understand that events have many causes and consequences
- Develop knowledge and understanding of past cultures
- Provide appropriate accreditation and opportunities for life beyond school

Geography

- Empower pupils to ask and answer questions about the world
- Increase knowledge and understanding of other cultures and see the world from others' points of view
- Develop tolerance and understanding through the study of other people and environments
- Encourage a commitment to sustainable development and an appreciation of what global citizenship means
- Provide appropriate accreditation and opportunities for life beyond school

For pupils on the Navigators Curriculum Pathway:

National Curriculum subject content is supported by planning and resources from the EQUALS Curriculum Unit 'The World About Me', which enables appropriate delivery based on pupils' abilities.

For pupils on the Pioneers Curriculum Pathway:

Pupils also follow the National Curriculum, adapted to meet pupils' learning needs. In Pioneers 2, Humanities may be studied as a four year, four unit, WJEC Entry Level Pathways course, where appropriate to pupils' abilities.



Curriculum Implementation

Pupils following the Navigators and Pioneers Curriculum Pathways all have a clearly timetabled Humanities lesson each week. The Long Term Plan below outlines the distribution of Geography and History topics over the year and ensures this a balanced curriculum. The nature and organisation of these lessons depends upon the age and ability of the pupils. Lessons are adapted and personalised so that all pupils can access their lessons appropriately.

Navigators

Navigators 1	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2025-26	People and Places	Amazing Animals	Out at Sea
2025-26	Geography: N/A	Geography: To understand geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area within the school environment, and of a local farm or the local village. To begin to use simple compass directions (North, South, East and West) and understand directional language e.g. forwards,	Geography: To begin to identify when it is hot or cold in relation to weather. To differentiate between land and ocean.
	History: Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality. IDEAS: Explore the life of John Cadbury and the introduction of Cocoa Beans. How has chocolate changed over the years? Visit to Cadbury World.	history: N/A	History: The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different period IDEAS: Explore the life of Christopher Columbus



Navigators 1	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	Summer
2026-27	All About Me	Let's Build	Out and About
	Geography: To introduce simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of their school and its grounds and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment.	Geography: N/A	Geography: To observe, find out about and identify features in the place they live and the natural world. To begin to introduce basic maps e.g. of the class or school.
	History: Changes within living memory — where appropriate these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. IDEAS: Compare differences between 'now' and 'then' e.g. What do we do now after school? What did our parents do after school? What music do you like? What music did your Nan and Grandad like? Explore equipment used to listen to music e.g. record player, tapes, CD, iPod, YouTube etc. Introduce simple timelines. Look at different genres of music including classical (Edward Elgar is a local composer).	History: Events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally (for example, the first aeroplane flight). IDEAS: Explore the life of William Morris – founder of Morris Motors born in Worcester. Look at how cars have changes over the years. Look at how wheels work. Design and make a car. Look at other modes of transport e.g. trains, aeroplanes, Concorde?	History: N/A



Navigators 1	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2027-28	Wonderful World	Perfect Plants	Journeys
	Geography: N/A	Geography: To introduce basic geographical vocabulary to refer to key physical features including beach, cliff, forest, hill, mountain, sea, ocean, river, soil, weather.	Geography: To begin to identify local weather patterns which may include the development and understanding of how weather changes seasonally.
	History: Changes within living memory — where appropriate these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life. IDEAS: Learn about toys around the world. Set up a toy museum. Visit to the Black Country Museum. Role play a day at school 100 years ago. Learn about how toys are made — compare and sort old and new toys	History: N/A	History: The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements, some should be used to compare aspects of life in different period IDEAS: How we get in touch with each other. Use of messengers (human / birds), telegrams, post, postman. Look at the life of local man Sir Rowland Hill who invented the pre-paid postage stamp

Each Autumn Term, pupils will learn about the Gunpowder plot and Guy Fawkes through the celebration of Bonfire Night. They will also learn about Remembrance Day through the Poppy symbol and its meaning.



Navigators 2	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2025-26	Marvelous Me	Rise of the Robots	Water
	Geography: Geographical skills and fieldwork: use maps, atlases, globes, digital mapping (Google Maps) to locate different places that they have been and experienced	Geography: N/A	Geography: Locational Knowledge: Name and locate the world's seven continents and five oceans Human and physical geography: Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including: the water cycle
	History: Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age: Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots	History: A significant turning point in British history e.g. first railways Or The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods [for example, Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria, Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the Elder and LS Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily Davison, Mary Seacole and/or Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell], significant historical events, people and places in their own locality	History: N/A



Navigators 2	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2026 - 27	Our Environment	Jungle Beat	Around the world
	Geography: Geographical skills and fieldwork: Use aerial photographs and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic human and physical features, device a simple map: and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Locational knowledge: Name, locate and identify characteristics of the 4 countries and capital cities of the United Kingdom and its surrounding areas	Geography: Human and physical geography: Describe and understand key aspects of physical geography including: climate zones, biomes and vegetation belts, rivers, mountains Place knowledge: Understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region in South America (The Amazon) Describe features studied in human geography, including: types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food, minerals and water	Geography: Place Knowledge: To understand the geographical similarities and differences through studying the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom, and of a small area in Egypt
	History: A local history study	History: N/A	History: The achievements of the earliest civilizations — Ancient Egypt



Navigators 2	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2027-28	Our Bodies and Minds	Clever Construction	Pirates
	Geography: N/A	Geography: Human and physical geography: To identify hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles, Northern hemisphere and Southern hemisphere	Geography: Locational knowledge: locate the world's countries using maps to focus on Europe – understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of England and Greece.
	History: The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain – Julius Caesar	History: Lives of significant individuals: Neil Armstrong / Wright brothers	History: Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world



Navigators 3	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2025-26	People	Recycling	Festivals and Food
	Geography: Human and physical geography: Describe and understand key aspects of human geography including types of settlement and land use, economic activity including trade links, and the distribution of natural resources including energy, food minerals and water EQUALS – PEOPLE	Geography: EQUALS - RECYCLING	Geography: Geographical skills and fieldwork: To use simple compass directions and locational and directional language to describe the location and features and routes on a map. EQUALS - FESTIVALS AND FOOD
	History: Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to Iron Age - Late Neolithic hunter-gatherers and early famers e.g. Skara Brae	History: Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots — explore Anglo-Saxon invasions, settlements and Kingdoms and Anglo-Saxon art and culture	History: N/A



Navigators 3	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2026-27	Victorian Britain	Life Cycles of Animals & Plants	Seasons/The Weather
	Geography:	Geography:	Geography
	N/A	Human and physical geography: understand how human and physical processes interact to influence, and change landscapes, environments and the climate; and how human activity relies on effective functioning of natural systems	Human and physical geography: physical geography relating to: weather and climate, including the change in climate from the Ice Age to the present; and glaciation, hydrology and coasts EQUALS – THE SEASONS
		EQUALS – LIFE CYCLES OF ANIMALS AND PLANTS IDEAS: How have changes to the landscape/ environment affected plants and animals over the years. Twinkl - Human impact on species and ecosystems factsheet: Deforestation, decline in big cats, decline in marine mammals, some bird species and bees.	AND WEATHER IDEAS: Twinkl – Weather and climate ppt. What is weather? measuring weather, climate graphs, how does changes in weather affect us?
	Ideas, political power, industry and empire: Britain 1745-1901) IDEAS: Medicine – Louis Pasteur, Lister Political -Disraeli, Gladstone Darwin -Origin of the Species Irish Potato famine The workhouse -Enola Holmes Invention of the stream train	History: The development of Church, state and society in Medieval Britain 1066-1509 IDEAS: Feudalism and farming. Crop rotation — two-field to three- field system Types of crops grown in medieval times.	M/A Mistory:

Navigators B	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2027-28	Digital Photography	Change	Water
	Geography:	Geography:	Geography:
	Geographical skills and fieldwork: interpret Ordnance Survey maps in the classroom using ariel and satellite photographs. EQUALS: DIGITAL PHOTOGRAPHY IDEAS: Satellite pictures that help to predict weather, predict natural disasters — fire management, volcanoes, flooding and cyclones.	N/A	Human and physical geography: glaciation, hydrology and coasts EQUALS - WATER IDEAS: Ice Age, Glaciers, Coastal erosion
	History:	History:	History:
	A local history study IDEAS: A study of Catshill or the Bromsgrove area. Comparing old photographs with modern digital images of the area. Similarities and differences.	A study of an aspect of social history before 1066, such as the impact through time of the migration of people to, from and within the British Isles EQUALS: CHANGE – HISTORY AND THE PASSING OF TIME IDEAS: Romans invade Britain Celts migrate to Britain Vikings settle in Britain Flemish people move from Belgium to Britain	N/A

EQUALS: These units refer to the EQUALS units from 'The World About Me' scheme of work. These units will be used primarily to support pupils following the Navigators Pathway.



Pioneers

Pioneers 1	Autumn	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2025-26	Africa	Our Community / Britain	Celebrations / Food & Drink
	Geography: Africa with a focus on Kenya (or other African country). Key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities	Geography: Our local area: with focus on local and UK maps and field work, including economic activity and recycling	Geography: N/A
	Suggested out of School learning: West Midlands Safari Park	Suggested out of School learning: walking visits to Catshill	
	History: N/A	History: A local history study A study over time of how national history is reflected in the locality or a visit to a site.	History: Tudors and Stuarts including everyday life, food, theatre, art and music, exploration, kings and queens, the Church, the Spanish Armada. Suggested out of School learning: Avoncroft museum of buildings



Pioneers 1	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2026-27	Victorian Britain	The Human Body	Asia
	Geography: N/A	Geography: Weather and Climate with focus on Deserts and on Polar regions and the interaction of human and physical processes Suggested out of School learning: weather recording in school grounds	Geography: Asia with a focus on India or China Key physical and human characteristics, countries and major cities (or other Asian country)
	History: The Industrial Revolution and Victorian Britain Including jobs and the move from a rural to an industrial society Suggested out of School learning: The Lock Makers House, Willenhall	History: N/A	History: N/A



Pioneers 1	<u>Autumn</u>	Spring	<u>Summer</u>
2027-28	How Things Move and Work	Mysteries / Time Travel	Rivers and Coasts
	Geography: World maps, atlases and globes, latitude and longitude, hemispheres Plate tectonics with focus on Italy Rocks and Weathering	Geography: N/A	Geography: Coasts and Rivers, including coastal regions of a European country e.g. France or Spain, and the journey of a European river e.g. Rhine or Danube with focus on how human and physical processes interact Effects of Climate Change Suggested out of School learning: Catshill Meadow brook, River Severn at Stourport or Bewdley
	History: N/A	History: Medieval History Including differences and similarities, the Norman Conquest, feudalism and everyday life. Suggested out of School learning: Worcester Cathedral (Medieval workshop)	History: N/A



Pioneers 2	WJEC Unit	WJEC description	Topic
2025-26			
Geography	Changing trends in tourism	This unit aims to enable learners to know the features of tourism, how and why tourism is changing and the need to make tourism	
	Credit Value 3	more sustainable.	
or			•
	Historical change	This unit aims to help learners to understand	History of
History	over time	the process of historical change and	leisure or
		development over time. This can involve a	history of
	Credit Value 4	study of a particular theme or a society that	transport
		has undergone a period of change. The study	
		can be based on any country but must	
		involve a period of at least 50 years.	
2026-27	T_, ,, -,		
	The ethics of food	This unit aims to enable learners to know	
Geography	production and	about aspects of the ethics of food	
	the consumer	production and the consumer. This will	
		include looking at how the transport of food	
	Credit Value 3	affects the environment and how ethical	
		retailing and consumer choices can help to	
		reduce negative environmental impacts.	
or			
History	Climate Change:	This unit aims to enable learners to find out	
	Causes, Effects	about the causes and effects of climate	
	and Human	change and what individuals and the UK	
	Responses	government can do to reduce risks posed by	
	Cradit Value 2	climate change. It looks at how the UK will	
	Credit Value 3	meet its future energy needs in a more	
		sustainable manner by developing and	
		making more use of renewable energy	
2027-28		sources.	
J/	Responding to a	This unit aims to enable learners to identify	
Geography	major tectonic	areas of the world that are affected by	
	event	tectonic events (earthquakes, volcanoes and	
	evene	tsunamis) and know how people are affected	
	Credit Value 4	by, and respond to the hazards posed by the	
	Sicult value 4	tectonic events.	
or			I
	Looking at local	This unit aims to help learners to study an	A topic
History	History	historical issue of local interest and	concerning
	,	importance.	Catshill,
	Credit Value 3	· .	Bromsgrove or
			Worcestershire
			e.g. nailmakers



Curriculum Impact

As well as the Learning Outcomes outlined in this Long Term Plan, pupils will also be working towards their personalised targets, relating to their EHCP outcomes. Pupils' targets are regularly reviewed and monitored to ensure continued progression of both knowledge and skills.

Evidence of the impact of pupils' learning in History and Geography is recorded in different ways, in different classes and Curriculum Pathways. Evidence includes work folders, which will demonstrate pupil progress through marking and annotation from teachers, annotated photographs of pupils whilst completing activities (if appropriate) and 'assessment trackers' which track pupils' progress with their targets. Where appropriate, 'RAG rated' pupil self-evaluation forms are used on key pieces of work, to encourage pupils to evaluate their own progress and achievements. Evidence of learning can also be found in Learning Journeys, through photographic and video evidence.

Pupil progress is recorded termly using the SOLAR assessment tool. Pupils are continuously assessed using the 'Chadsgrove P Steps' which break pupil progress into small steps, so that we are able to track progression through each level in History and Geography and set appropriate targets for future learning.

Pupils in Pioneers 2, who are following the WJEC Entry Pathways in Humanities, are assessed according to the Assessment Criteria specific to each unit of work and evidence is gathered on an ongoing basis, which will contribute to their final award.

